



KPMG S.A.
Tour Eqho
2 avenue Gambetta
CS 60055
92066 Paris la Défense Cedex



PricewaterhouseCoopers Audit
SAS
63, rue de Villiers
92208 Neuilly-sur-Seine Cedex

Air France-KLM S.A.

Statutory auditors' report on the financial statements

For the year ended December 31, 2023

Air France-KLM S.A.

7 rue du Cirque, 75008, Paris

KPMG S.A., a French audit and accounting limited liability company registered with the Paris Association of Chartered Accountants under n°14-30080101 and a member of the Regional Association of statutory auditors of Versailles and Centre.

A French company, member firm of the KPMG global organization of independent member firms affiliated with KPMG International Limited, a Private English company limited by guarantee.

Public limited company with board of directors
KPMG S.A.
Tour Eqho
2 avenue Gambetta
CS 60055
92066 Paris la Défense Cedex
Capital : 5 497 100 €
775 726 417 RCS Nanterre

PricewaterhouseCoopers Audit SAS
Société de commissariat aux comptes
Headquarters:
63, rue de Villiers
92208 Neuilly-sur-Seine Cedex RCS NANTERRE



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*This is a translation into English of the statutory auditors' report on the financial statements of the Company issued in French and it is provided solely for the convenience of English speaking users.
This statutory auditors' report includes information required by European regulation and French law, such as information about the appointment of the statutory auditors or verification of the management report and other documents provided to shareholders.
This report should be read in conjunction with, and construed in accordance with, French law and professional auditing standards applicable in France.*

Air France-KLM S.A.

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Statutory auditors' report on the financial statements

For the year ended December 31, 2023

To the Annual General Meeting of Air France-KLM S.A.,

Opinion

In compliance with the engagement entrusted to us by your Annual General Meetings, we have audited the accompanying financial statements of Air France-KLM S.A. for the year ended December 31, 2023.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the assets and liabilities and of the financial position of the Company as at December 31, 2023 and of the results of its operations for the year then ended in accordance with French accounting principles.

The audit opinion expressed above is consistent with our report to the Audit Committee.

Basis for Opinion

Audit Framework

We conducted our audit in accordance with professional standards applicable in France. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Statutory Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report.

Independence

We conducted our audit engagement in compliance with independence requirements of the French Commercial Code (*code de commerce*) and the French Code of Ethics (*code de déontologie*) for statutory auditors for the period from January 1, 2023 to the date of our report and specifically we did



not provide any prohibited non-audit services referred to in Article 5(1) of Regulation (EU) No 537/2014.

Justification of Assessments - Key Audit Matters

In accordance with the requirements of Articles L.821-53 and R.821-180 of the French Commercial Code (*code de commerce*) relating to the justification of our assessments, we inform you of the key audit matters relating to risks of material misstatement that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period, as well as how we addressed those risks.

These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on specific items of the financial statements.

Valuation of equity investments and related receivables (Notes 1, 10 and 15 to the financial statements)	
Risk identified	Our response
<p>As at December 31, 2023, equity investment and related receivables amounts to a net value of €9.8 billion out of total assets of €12.3 billion. Equity investments are recorded at their acquisition cost net of any impairment, based on their fair value taking into account their share of shareholders' equity, profitability outlook and reference stock market values.</p> <p>The fair value estimate of these investments in subsidiaries requires Management to exercise judgment in its choice of items considered according to the nature of the investments concerned. Such items may correspond to historical items (shareholders' equity) or forecast items (cash flows and profitability outlook) particularly sensitive given the current context which has uncertainty due to the geopolitical and economic environment and the increasing impact of ESG considerations.</p> <p>We considered the determination of the fair value of equity investment and related receivables to be a key audit matter in light of their significant amount and of the high degree of judgment and estimates required by Management to determine their recoverable value.</p>	<p>To assess the reasonableness of estimated fair values of equity investments, based on the information communicated to us, our procedures mainly consisted in verifying that the estimate of the values determined by Management were based on an appropriate justification of the valuation method and figures used, and according to the investments concerned:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• For valuations based on historical items:<ul style="list-style-type: none">– verifying that the shareholders' equity used is consistent with the financial statements of the entities audited or subjected to analytical procedures and that any equity adjustments have been appropriately documented; and• For valuations based on forecast items:<ul style="list-style-type: none">– obtaining the profitability outlook based on discounted cash flows for the entities concerned.– assessing the consistency of the assumptions adopted with the economic environment on the reporting dates.– comparing the forecasts adopted for prior periods with actual outcomes in order to assess the extent of achievement of past objectives.

	<ul style="list-style-type: none">– verifying that the value resulting from cash flow forecasts was adjusted for the debt of the entity considered; and– verifying the arithmetical accuracy of the computed recoverable values. <p>In addition to assessing the realizable value of equity investments, our work also consisted in assessing the recoverability of the related receivables based on analyses of the equity investments.</p>
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Specific Verifications

We have also performed, in accordance with professional standards applicable in France, the specific verifications required by laws and regulations.

Information given in the management report and in the other documents with respect to the financial position and the financial statements provided to the Shareholders

We have no matters to report as to the fair presentation and the consistency with the financial statements of the information given [in the management report of the Board of Directors and in the other documents with respect to the financial position and the financial statements provided to Shareholders.

We attest the fair presentation and the consistency with the financial statements of the information relating to payment deadlines mentioned in Article D.441-6 of the French Commercial Code (*Code de commerce*).

Information relating to corporate governance

We attest that the Board of Directors' report on corporate governance sets out the information required by Articles L.225-37-4, L22-10-10 and L.22-10-9 of the French Commercial Code.

Concerning the information given in accordance with the requirements of Article L.22-10-9 of the French Commercial Code (*code de commerce*) relating to remunerations and benefits received by or awarded to the directors and any other commitments made in their favour, we have verified the consistency with the financial statements, or with the underlying information used to prepare these financial statements and, where applicable, with the information obtained by your company from controlled companies included in the scope of consolidation. Based on these procedures, we attest the accuracy and fair presentation of this information.

With respect to the information relating to items that your company considered likely to have an impact in the event of a public takeover bid or exchange offer, provided pursuant to Article L.22-10-11 of the French Commercial Code, we have agreed this information to the source documents communicated to us. Based on these procedures, we have no observations to make on this information.

Other information

Air France-KLM S.A.

Statutory auditors' report on the financial statements
For the year ended xx'month'20xx



In accordance with French law, we have verified that the required information concerning the purchase of investments and controlling interests and the identity of the shareholders and holders of the voting rights has been properly disclosed in the management report.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Format of presentation of the financial statements intended to be included in the Annual Financial Report

We have also verified, in accordance with the professional standard applicable in France relating to the procedures performed by the statutory auditor relating to the annual and consolidated financial statements presented in the European single electronic format, that the presentation of the financial statements intended to be included in the annual financial report mentioned in Article L.451-1-2, I of the French Monetary and Financial Code (*code monétaire et financier*), prepared under the responsibility of Chief Executive Officer, complies with the single electronic format defined in the European Delegated Regulation No 2019/815 of 17 December 2018.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the presentation of the financial statements intended to be included in the annual financial report complies, in all material respects, with the European single electronic format.

We have no responsibility to verify that the financial statements that will ultimately be included by your company in the annual financial report filed with the AMF are in agreement with those on which we have performed our work.

Appointment of the Statutory Auditors

We were appointed as statutory auditors of Air France-KLM S.A. by the Annual General Meetings held on September 25, 2002 for KPMG S.A. and on May 25, 2022 for PricewaterhouseCoopers Audit.

As at December 31, 2023, KPMG S.A. was in the 22nd year of total uninterrupted engagement and PricewaterhouseCoopers Audit was in the 2nd year.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with French accounting principles and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless it is expected to liquidate the Company or to cease operations.

The Audit Committee is responsible for monitoring the financial reporting process and the effectiveness of internal control and risks management systems and where applicable, its internal audit, regarding the accounting and financial reporting procedures.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors.

Air France-KLM S.A.

Statutory auditors' report on the financial statements
For the year ended xx'month'20xx



Statutory Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Objectives and audit approach

Our role is to issue a report on the financial statements. Our objective is to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with professional standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As specified in Article L.821-55 of the French Commercial Code (*code de commerce*), our statutory audit does not include assurance on the viability of the Company or the quality of management of the affairs of the Company.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with professional standards applicable in France, the statutory auditor exercises professional judgment throughout the audit and furthermore:

- Identifies and assesses the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, designs and performs audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtains audit evidence considered to be sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for his opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtains an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control.
- Evaluates the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management in the financial statements.
- Assesses the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. This assessment is based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of his audit report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern. If the statutory auditor concludes that a material uncertainty exists, there is a requirement to draw attention in the audit report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are not provided or inadequate, to modify the opinion expressed therein.
- Evaluates the overall presentation of the financial statements and assesses whether these statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Report to the Audit Committee

We submit to the Audit Committee a report which includes in particular a description of the scope of the audit and the audit program implemented, as well as the results of our audit. We also report, if



any, significant deficiencies in internal control regarding the accounting and financial reporting procedures that we have identified.

Our report to the Audit Committee includes the risks of material misstatement that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and which are therefore the key audit matters that we are required to describe in this report.

We also provide the Audit Committee with the declaration provided for in Article 6 of Regulation (EU) N° 537/2014, confirming our independence within the meaning of the rules applicable in France such as they are set in particular by Articles L.821-27 to L.821-34 of the French Commercial Code (*code de commerce*) and in the French Code of Ethics (*code de déontologie*) for statutory auditors. Where appropriate, we discuss with the Audit Committee the risks that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and the related safeguards.

The Statutory Auditors

Paris La Défense, March 1, 2024
KPMG S.A.

Neuilly-sur-Seine, March 1, 2024
PricewaterhouseCoopers Audit

French original signed by

Valérie Besson
Partner

Eric Dupré
Partner

Philippe Vincent
Partner

Amélie Jeudi de Grissac
Partner